Understanding Your Assessment Notice

Michigan Department of Treasury, THIS IS NOT A TAX BILL L-4400			L-4400	Do You Have a	
Notice of Assessment, Taxable Valuation, and Property Classification				Principal Residence	
This, form is issued under the authority of P.A. 205 of 1893, Sec. 211.24 (c) and Sec.211.34c, as amend FROM.		otice to be used by the local assessor PARCEL IDENTIFICA	TION	<u> </u>	
WHITE LAKE TOWNSHIP DAVID HIEBER, ASSESSOR 7525 HIGHLAND WHITE LAKE, MI 48383	PARCEL NUMBE PROPERTY ADD	ER: Y -12 -	Exemption? Having a principal residence exemption reduces the amount of school operating millage you pay. You must own and occupy		
OWNER'S NAME & ADDRESS/PERSON NAMED ON ASSESSMENT ROLL:	PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE EXEMPTION % Exempt As "Homeowners Principal Reside 100.00%. % Exempt As "Qualified Agricultural Property			the property to qualify.	
				Change in your tax bill This is the approximate amount of change to your tax bill.	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:					
				Assessed Value and	
ACCORDING TO MCL 211.34c THIS PROPERTY IS CLASSIFIED	AS: 401 Residenti	al		Taxable Value	
PRIOR YEAR'S CLASSIFICATION: 401 Residential				Assessed Value is equal to 50%	
The change in taxable value will increase/decrease your tax bill for the year by approximately: \$1174	PRIOR AMOUNT YEAR: 2025	CURRENT TENTATIVE AMOUNT YEAR: 2026	CHANGE FROM. PRIOR YEAR TO CURRENT YEAR	of the market value of your property.	
1. TAXABLE VALUE:	82,860	116,800	33,940	Taxable Value is the product of	
2. ASSESSED VALUE:	111,380	116,800	5,420	the previous year's Taxable	
3. TENTATIVE EQUALIZATION FACTOR: 1.000					
STATE EQUALIZED VALUE (SEV):	111,380	116,800	5,420	Value increased by the	
5. There WAS or WAS NOT a transfer of ownership on this property	n 2025 WAS			Consumers Price Index unless	
6. Assessor Change Reason(s):				there were physical changes to	
Market Adjustment				the property. The Taxable Value can never be higher than the Assessed Value.	
The 2026 Inflation rate Multiplier is: 1.027				Did You Purchase the	
Questions regarding the Notice of Assessment, Taxable Valuation, a	nd Property Classification	on may be directed to the	e Following:	Property Last Year?	
Name: Phone: David Hieber: (248) 698-3300		Address: essing@whitelaketwp.co	om	If you purchased this property in	
March Board of Review Appeal Information. The Board of Review	will meet at the following	dates and times:		the previous calendar year, the Assessed and Taxable Values should be equal as required by State law.	

See Reverse Side for More Information

Board of Review Information

If you believe your assessed value is incorrect, you may appeal to the Board of Review. This is the only time of year allowed by Law to appeal. Protests to the Board of Review can be done in person by appointment or in writing. Please pay attention to the deadlines listed on this notice. When appealing you should provide any evidence you feel will support your claim to value.

Guidance regarding Form 1019, Notice of Assessment, Taxable Valuation, and Property Classification

Not less than 14 days before the first meeting of the Board of Review, the assessment notice shall be mailed to the property owner.

Property taxes are calculated based on the Taxable Value (Line 1). State Equalized Value is the Assessed Value multiplied by the Equalization Factor, if any. State Equalized Value must approximate 50% of market value.

The Taxable Value number entered in the "Change from Prior Year to Current Year" Column, does not indicate a change in your taxes. The change in your tax bill is estimated above Line 1.

State Equalized Value is the Assessed Value multiplied by the Equalization Factor, if any. State Equalized Value must approximate 50% of market value.

IF THERE WAS A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP on your property in 2022, your 2023 Taxable Value will be the same as your 2023 State Equalized Value.

IF THERE WAS NOT A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP on your property in 2022, your 2023 Taxable Value is calculated by multiplying your 2022 Taxable Value by 1.05 (**Inflation Rate Multiplier** for the current year). Physical changes in your property may also increase or decrease your Taxable Value. Your 2023 Taxable Value cannot be higher than your 2023 State Equalized Value.

The Taxable Value, the Assessed Value, the State Equalized Value, the Property Classification, or the Transfer of Ownership may be appealed by filing a protest with the Local Board of Review. Protests are made to the Board of Review by completing a Board of Review Petition Form. A Petition Form may be obtained directly from the local unit or from the Michigan Department of Treasury's website at www.michigan.gov/taxes. Click on the "Property Taxes" box, select "Forms and Instructions," then click on "Board of Review" to obtain a "Petition to the Board of Review," Form 618 (L-4035).

The denial of an exemption from the local school operating tax for "qualified agricultural properties" may be appealed to the local Board of Review. The denial of an exemption from the local school operating tax for a "homeowner's principal residence" may be appealed to the Michigan Tax Tribunal by the filing of a petition within 35 days of issuance of this notice. The petition must be a form approved by the Michigan Tax Tribunal, which are available at **www.michigan.gov/taxtrib**.

Filing a protest with the Board of Review is necessary to protect your right to further appeal valuation and exemption disputes to the Michigan Tax Tribunal and classification appeals to the State Tax Commission. Properties classified Commercial Real, Industrial Real or Developmental Real may be appealed to the regular March Board of Review or to the Michigan Tax Tribunal by filing a petition by May 31. Commercial Personal, Industrial Personal, or Utility Personal Property may be appealed to the regular March Board of Review or to the Michigan Tax Tribunal by filing a petition by May 31 if a personal property statement was filed with the local unit prior to the commencement of the Board of Review as provided by MCL 211.19, except as otherwise provided by MCL 211.9m, 211.9n and 211.9o. The petition must be a form approved by the Michigan Tax Tribunal, which are available at www.michigan.gov/taxtrib.

To claim a PRE, complete the "Principal Residence Exemption Affidavit" (Form 2368) and file it with your township or city of the year of the claim. A valid affidavit filed on or before June 1 allows an owner to receive a PRE on the current year summer and winter tax levy and subsequent tax levies so long as it remains the owner's principal residence. A valid affidavit filed after June 1 and on or before November 1 allows an owner to receive a PRE on the current winter tax levy and subsequent tax levies so long as it remains the owner's principal residence.